

Stakeholder Analysis in Ukrainian Governance: Shortcomings and Bottlenecks of Implementation Experience

Abstract

Public policy is not made in a vacuum - the head of state, lawmakers, representatives of executive branch, judges, managers (official participants) and political parties, public organizations, interest groups, research organizations, mass media, individual citizens (informal participants) are the leaders of this process.

Stakeholder analysis: normalization, training and implementation. The CMU rules introduce a new procedure for forecasting the impact of decisions taken by the Government on the key interests of interested parties (Annex 41 to paragraph 1 § 50).

Stakeholder analysis: forecast of policy impact: Shortcomings and Bottlenecks. Policy analysis should aim at identifying stakeholders - all those individuals (groups of people) who are involved in the policy process (both in government and outside the authorities).

Group of stakeholders for analysis: Target group, Group of indirect impact, Group of potential impact, Group with strong authority, Experts, Groups of interest. Category of stakeholders. Bottlenecks for identification of Group of stakeholders. Performs of stakeholder analysis. Why are stakeholder analysis procedures approved but not implemented in direct practice? What hinders and prevents implement innovations. Conclusion